
CAMBRIDGE ASSOCIATES HONG KONG PRIVATE LIMITED

BROCHURE

MARCH 31, 2023

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This document provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Cambridge Associates Hong Kong Private Limited. If you have any questions about the contents of this document, please contact:

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ITEM 3 – ADVISORY BUSINESS
SUMMARY

Cambridge Associates Hong Kong Private Limited is a subsidiary of Cambridge Associates LLC (collectively referred to as the “Firm”) and a privately held investment advisory firm principally owned by employees and clients.

OUR MISSION STATEMENT

We partner with endowments, foundations, pension plans, corporations and private clients to implement and manage custom portfolios to generate outperformance so they can maximize their impact on the world.

THE FIRM

The Firm has six global affiliates collectively providing investment management, investment advisory, research and performance reporting services.

NAME	LOCATION	LEGAL STRUCTURE
Cambridge Associates LLC	Arlington, Virginia; Boston, Massachusetts; Dallas, Texas; New York, New York; and San Francisco, California	Massachusetts Limited Liability Company (Registered and regulated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the National Futures Association)
Cambridge Associates Limited	London, England	Limited Company in England and Wales (Authorized and regulated by the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority)
Cambridge Associates Limited, LLC	Boston, Massachusetts U.S.A. and Sydney, Australia	Massachusetts Limited Liability Company (Registered and regulated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, subject to oversight by the Australian Securities and Investment Commission and registered as an Investment Fund Manager and Portfolio Manager in the Canadian provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and British Columbia.)
Cambridge Associates GmbH	Munich, Germany	German Limited Liability Company (Registered and regulated by Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin)
Cambridge Associates Asia Pte Ltd	Singapore	Singapore Corporation (Licensed and regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore)
Cambridge Associates Investment Consultancy (Beijing) Ltd.	Beijing, China	People’s Republic of China Limited Liability Company

In addition to the entities listed above, the Firm and its affiliates have established various entities to serve as general partners and/or managing members for the Firm's Single Investor and Single Manager Funds¹. The Firm and its affiliates are under common ownership and control. Cambridge Associates Hong Kong Private Limited is not affiliated with any broker/dealers, other investment managers, solicitors or placement agents. The Firm provides its clients with a wide range of services designed to help maximize portfolio returns within the context of their governance framework. The Firm provides these services for a total portfolio or for specific asset classes.

For clients that have fully built-out investment offices, we offer staff extension services which are customized to compliment such clients' in-house resources. Typically, this includes our acting as a sounding board as well as providing alternative asset expertise and manager due diligence and tools.

We also offer services to clients that seek specialized advice and guidance. These services are typically tailored to the client but most often include strategic and tactical asset allocation advice as well as manager selection, participation in committee meetings, access to research services and performance reporting.

We also provide focused investment services relating to socially responsible investing, ESG and impact investing and have dedicated resources researching managers and working with clients to align their investing with their mission.

In addition, we provide expertise and guidance regarding the selection of diverse managers through dedicated resources seeking to find and diligence women and minority managers.

Generally, the Firm does not engage in individual stock selection but rather assists clients in selecting and investing with institutional quality, external investment managers. The Firm does, however, provide advice to clients on co-investment opportunities in individual companies, exchange traded funds (ETFs), equity and bond futures and secondary market offerings of privately placed investment funds (secondaries).

The Firm has dedicated substantial resources in conducting due diligence and investing in alternative asset classes including hedge funds, private investments (private equity/venture capital), private credit, real estate, timber and other natural resources.

To focus on the specific needs of various groups of clients, we have formed practice areas specializing on the needs of endowments and foundations, private clients and pensions. These practice areas seek to expand our knowledge of the investment requirements of each type of client and maximize our ability to better serve those clients.

We have created vehicles to provide administrative ease and improve access to managers. These include:

SINGLE INVESTOR FUNDS

Although we typically service discretionary clients through separately managed accounts, we have established and offer "Single Investor Funds" or "SIFs" for clients seeking a portfolio of alternative investment assets without the associated administrative burdens. We establish a separate SIF for each client, and we act as the investment manager to that SIF in a discretionary capacity. We outsource investment accounting and administration, tax preparation, annual audits and custody/banking to qualified third-party service providers. Unless otherwise instructed by a client, we take responsibility for the management of these external relationships, effectively relieving a client of the administration associated with their investment program. Due to regulatory requirements in specific jurisdictions, SIFs may not be available for all clients.

¹ Please refer to pages 4–5 of this Brochure for more information relating to our Single Investor and Single Manager Funds.

SINGLE MANAGER FUNDS

Our affiliates have established several “Single Manager Funds” or “SMFs” to aggregate assets from multiple clients for investment in alternative assets whose high minimums or other access restrictions would have otherwise prevented these clients from investing or to obtain more favorable fees or terms from managers. When clients express enough interest to warrant the use of an SMF, a separate fund is established for each alternative investment or manager for which we are pooling assets, including for co-investments and secondaries, however, the Firm does not have its own SMFs. In some circumstances we may be unable to offer access to SMFs to individual clients or classes of clients owing to (a) legal and regulatory restrictions specific to their respective jurisdictions or (b) other factors that would make it commercially impractical to do so. We accordingly reserve the right to impose investor eligibility criteria at any time and on an SMF-by-SMF basis. Due to regulatory requirements in specific jurisdictions, SMFs may not be offered to all clients.

INDUSTRY PARTNERSHIPS

We have been selected to provide data and/or analysis as well as to develop and maintain customized industry benchmarks for several prominent industry associations, including, but not limited to:

- American Investment Council (AIC)
- Australian Investment Council (AIC)
- African Private Equity and Venture Capital Association (AVCA)
- China Venture Capital and Private Equity Association (CVCA)
- The Global Private Capital Association (formerly EMPEA)
- Institutional Limited Partners Association (ILPA)
- Invest Europe (IE)
- New Zealand Private Equity and Venture Capital Association Inc. (NZVCA)
- Singapore Private Equity & Venture Capital Association (SVCA)

Our parent, Cambridge Associates LLC, has also entered into various distribution and licensing agreements to supply platforms with anonymous and aggregated private equity, venture capital, real estate, and other private investments fund performance data and statistics.

Through these agreements, our parent provides aggregated fund performance information to entities whose members or clients include investment management firms. This results in the Firm receiving indirect compensation from investment managers, some of whom we may evaluate and recommend to our clients. We take steps to mitigate this potential conflict, including requiring our distribution partners to be the sole interface with their investment manager members and subscribers and asking them to shield the identity of any such members/subscribers from our investment professionals. Despite these efforts, it is possible that our investment professionals could become aware of the identity of these investment managers and favor them over others.

Our parent, Cambridge Associates LLC has also entered into benchmark licensing agreements with unaffiliated investment managers where our licensing fees are based on assets raised in investment products sponsored and/or managed by such investment managers. In those instances, we acknowledge that a conflict of interest exists if we recommend or invest our clients in such investment products and will provide prior disclosure regarding our compensation arrangements if a recommendation or investment is made.

ITEM 4 - FEES AND COMPENSATION

The Firm does not receive compensation from investment managers in connection with the purchase or sale of their securities. The fees we charge clients and the services we offer are described below and are based on our current fee schedules but are negotiable. Certain legacy clients pay different fees. Our fees vary based on the scale and complexity of the mandate.

CONTRACT TYPE	DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES	FEE RANGES
Portfolio Management Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ We monitor the investment portfolio. ■ This may be provided on a non-discretionary basis only. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The fee depends on the type of client, the asset classes under advisement, the complexity of the portfolio and other factors. ■ Fees may be higher or lower depending on asset level breakpoints, and fees or a portion of fees may be contingent on meeting performance hurdles. ■ Fees range from 2 to 60 basis points on the net asset value of the investment assets (or on commitments to private investments) and are generally subject to a minimum annual fee.
Staff Extension Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Depending on a client's specific needs, we build a custom relationship, typically acting as a sounding board leveraging our research platform and supplementing their internal capabilities. ■ Often our work is focusing on alternative assets. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The fee depends on the client's in-house resources and the specific set of services desired by the client. ■ Typically, these are fixed fee arrangements, subject to a minimum annual fee.

We generally customize our services based on each individual client's needs, therefore, our fees are dependent on a client's total asset size, governance structure and service requirements, portfolio complexity and asset mix, client domicile, longevity of a relationship with us, type of institution (e.g., a nonprofit organization, a corporation, a public pension plan, a private client, etc.)

PAYMENT SCHEDULES

Depending on the agreement, we invoice clients quarterly, semi-annually, up-front or according to an agreed upon schedule depending on the scope of services provided and whether fees are value-based or fixed. Where our fees or a portion of fees are contingent on meeting performance hurdles, we invoice in the quarter after the performance period ends.

When applicable, out-of-pocket reimbursable expenses such as our expenses (at cost) for travel, printing, postage and delivery of documents are billed monthly.

Unless otherwise agreed upon, we only value securities for our commingled investment funds, SIFs and SMFs that are subject to a financial audit. For all other relationships, we are not responsible for valuing client securities. For purposes of calculating fees payable to the Firm for relationships for which fees are based upon a rate applied to asset values in the portfolio, the Firm relies on the asset values presented in our client performance reports which include market value, net asset value or value of committed capital (as applicable) of underlying investments. Some reported values are preliminary, and some values are adjusted by the Firm to reflect distributions and capital calls of underlying investment funds or estimated based on the performance of proxy benchmarks. These values are typically net of the investment managers' fees. For the limited number of clients that do not receive performance reports prepared by the Firm and/or require the Firm to use other sources of assets values (e.g., custodial statements) but are subject to an asset-based fee, the

Firm uses values in our performance reporting system or as reported by those clients. Some clients have made arrangements with the Firm to use different asset value sources than described above.

For audited commingled investment vehicles, SIFs and SMFs, we are responsible for valuing securities held within the vehicles and have a valuation policy and procedures in place to review and price the values of those investments. As such, the value of investments reported by the Firm and used for billing purposes can differ for clients holding assets through commingled investment vehicles, SIFs or SMFs as opposed to holding such investments directly.

With respect to the SIFs, our general practice is to deduct our management fee from the assets of each fund quarterly in advance, however, specific billing practices differ depending on specific client requirements. Organizational and operational expenses of the SIFs are generally the responsibility of the investor, although some of these expenses are, in some instances, included in the management fee. These expenses are typically paid out of the SIF's assets, although investors can pay these expenses directly. The terms of each SIF can be negotiated and are governed by the limited partnership agreement or its equivalent.

Clients invested through our SMFs generally pay their advisory fees outside of the fund, however, specific billing practices differ depending on specific client requirements. Operational expenses incurred by the SMFs are allocated to investors on a pro rata basis.

TERMINATION PROVISIONS

Many of our contracts have an initial one-year term, with automatic renewal for subsequent years assuming no change in services and/or fees. Our clients may terminate their relationship immediately or following a notice period specified in their contract, typically between 30 to 90 days. Upon termination, we will adjust any fees payable to us or paid in advance by the client on a pro rata basis from the effective date of the contract, including contracts for project work, through the date of termination.

ITEM 5 - PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

We do not charge performance-based fees for our non-discretionary investment advisory services. We do, however, recommend investment managers to our clients that charge performance-based fees. We do not typically offer performance-based fees for discretionary services, however, we can if a client is interested in this type of fee structure.

We charge fees that vary from client to client. Different fees incentivize investment teams to dedicate increased resources and allocate more profitable investment opportunities or ideas to clients who are charged fees that are more profitable for the Firm. Investment teams are also incentivized to allocate investment opportunities to clients who either pay carried interest or performance fees.

We seek to mitigate the above risks by mutually agreeing upon investment guidelines and restrictions with discretionary clients and putting policies and procedures in place to adhere to those guidelines. We also seek to mitigate the conflicts with the adoption of allocation policies and procedures designed to treat clients fairly.

INVESTMENT ALLOCATIONS

Due to the nature of the services we provide, we do not generally have direct responsibility for the allocation of investment opportunities among our clients. We provide investment managers with lists of those clients who may be interested in a potential investment, and we may facilitate an introductory meeting. In those situations, all decisions to accept an investor into a particular fund or investment opportunity are the responsibility of the fund manager or other applicable third party. However, in some instances, we source

investments specifically to meet the needs of individual clients, and such opportunities may not be offered broadly to our clients as a whole.

ITEM 6 - TYPES OF CLIENTS

All our clients are Professional Investors. Our clients include colleges and universities, foundations and other non-profit institutions, including, but not limited to, museums and libraries, independent schools, religious institutions, professional and research institutions, service organizations and performing arts institutions. We also act as an investment advisor to private clients, family offices, corporations, healthcare institutions, insurance groups, pension plans and public and government-related groups.

ITEM 7 - METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

We typically work with our clients to identify and refine their investment objectives, risk parameters and spending needs to determine an appropriate asset allocation and manager structure designed to achieve financial goals. We utilize a number of analytical models to determine the appropriate asset allocation and manager structure, and we seek to match strategies and managers that we recommend or select with our clients' objectives.

Our investment manager due diligence is based on qualitative and quantitative analyses briefly described below.

Qualitative factors we generally consider during our initial due diligence and ongoing monitoring include:

- History of the organization and management team additions and departures
- Experience, quality and capacity of current investment team
- Organizational strength and cohesiveness
- Attractiveness of track record and relevance to stated strategy
- Attractiveness and consistency of investment strategy and philosophy
- Deal origination and structuring capability
- Investment due diligence skills
- Ability to add value to deals
- Partnership or transaction terms, from a business perspective
- Investment environment
- Competitive landscape

For traditional marketable managers, we typically obtain their current holdings data and run a series of historical analyses. We generally examine the product, team, organization, performance and fees.

For hedge fund managers, we emphasize a qualitative evaluation of how their portfolios are likely to perform in different market environments. We favor strategies where managers look for inefficiency at the security level and exhibit a degree of transparency that enables us to understand the depth of the manager's fundamental analysis and approach to risk control. We focus on the manager's research process, historical security selection skill and portfolio structuring capabilities.

For private investment managers, our quantitative review generally includes the manager's track record and financial performance assessed on an absolute basis and on a relative basis versus our own proprietary vintage year benchmarks. When available, we also conduct performance attribution analysis at the company level to ascertain which investments and sectors drive the manager's performance. We also conduct reference checks on managers by interviewing underlying portfolio companies.

Our investment directors rely primarily on the manager due diligence conducted by the Firm's Research Group to identify managers that are aligned with an individual client's needs and objectives but also rely on their own research in making recommendations to their clients. In some cases, the recommended managers and funds have neither undergone the full due diligence process nor will they be the subject of ongoing monitoring. This includes, but is not limited to, index funds, ETFs, money market funds and other passive investment strategies, spin-offs from existing managers, co-investments, niche managers and customized separate accounts.

We generally do not recommend direct investments in individual securities due to our focus on investment managers and their funds or products. Such direct investments are not subject to the due diligence process described above.

Depending on the investment mandate and type of client, we also recommend and invest client assets with third party managers to gain synthetic exposures using derivatives, primarily futures. We are not, however, a futures commission merchant and do not trade derivatives directly. Although we do not engage in direct borrowing or leverage in client portfolios, a high degree of leverage is often obtainable in futures trading because of small margin requirements. We use this investment strategy opportunistically, to maintain exposures either during portfolio transitions or as a result of market fluctuations, and to hedge portfolio liabilities. For these types of managers, we focus on operational infrastructure and personnel to determine whether a manager is sufficiently resourced to trade and execute transactions efficiently and in accordance with a particular mandate.

In discussions with investment managers regarding terms contained in partnership documents, investment management agreements or other investment documentation, we generally take positions that we believe to be in the common interest of all our clients. In certain circumstances, however, a member of our advisory staff will take a position on behalf of a particular client that is intended to serve the interests of that client, without regard to the interests of other clients. For example, an investment professional may advise a client to take a certain position on an amendment to a partnership document that advantages that client and may communicate that position to the investment manager. It is possible that other Firm investment professionals that serve other clients with differing interests may not take a position on the amendment or may recommend that a client take the opposite position on the same amendment.

Our investment professionals may provide different investment advice regarding the same investment manager, product or transaction to different clients. This difference arises primarily from the unique nature of each client's situation and the judgment of the investment professional assigned to that client. For example, one investment professional may advise a client to redeem from an investment, while another investment professional may advise a client to invest in the same fund.

Clients may be eligible for reduced fees with respect to certain investments under various arrangements negotiated by us on behalf of all or a subset of our clients. The fees may be based on the aggregation of our clients' investments in a fund or with a manager for the purpose of taking advantage of the fee reductions and to determine the applicable fee rate. The fees charged by underlying investments may change without notice based on the actions of our other clients, if the fee arrangements between the underlying investments and the Firm change or if a client terminates its agreement with us. The Firm recommends and invests client investments in funds or managers that have fee breaks contingent on a certain aggregate amount of our

clients' capital being invested. When doing so, the Firm's investment decision or recommendation is based solely on the specific client's best interests and does not take into consideration the fee impact on other clients.

RISK OF LOSS

The following risk factors are not intended to be a full or complete listing of all the risks involved in investing, and clients should engage in their own evaluation of such risks.

Past performances of any recommended managers or funds or the success of a manager in any similar venture is no assurance of future success. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss including the possible loss of more than the entire amount invested. There can be no assurance that clients will not incur losses, and clients should be prepared to accept losses as part of their investment program.

The success of any investment activity is affected by multiple factors including national and international political or economic conditions and general market conditions which may affect the volatility of financial markets and interest rates. Success is also affected by the extent and timing of investor participation in the markets. Unexpected volatility or illiquidity in the markets could cause clients to incur losses. Politics, recession, inflation, employment levels, trade policies, international events, war, natural disasters, pandemics and other unforeseen events can also have a significant impact upon the prices of securities.

In trading public securities, there are consequences for trading on insider information, and we expect that investment managers use only public information in their investment process. Investment managers, however, may be charged with misuse of confidential information, and if that were the case, the performance records of these investment managers could be misleading. Furthermore, if an investment manager or entity with which clients invest has engaged in the past or engages in the future in such misuse, clients could be exposed to losses.

Clients also face the risk of loss associated with the possibility of personnel of an investment manager misappropriating client securities and/or funds.

When investing in certain funds, clients may not be given access to information regarding the actual investments made by the investment manager. Neither the Firm nor our clients will be able to control the activities of external fund managers or be able to monitor their investment activities daily. At any given time, clients may not know the composition of investment managers' portfolios with respect to the degrees of hedged or directional positions or the extent of concentration risk or exposure to specific markets. Similarly, clients may not learn of significant structural events, such as personnel changes, major asset withdrawals or substantial capital growth until after the fact. A lack of transparency may cause clients to incur losses as a result of reduced diversification and/or over-exposure to sectors, regions or individual securities.

Investing in alternative assets such as hedge funds and private investments is associated with greater risk than investing in traditional marketable securities, including but not limited to illiquidity risk, manager-specific risk and valuation risk. Clients should consider the following factors in determining whether investing in alternative assets is appropriate.

PRIVATE INVESTMENT ASSETS, I.E., U.S. AND INTERNATIONAL PRIVATE EQUITY FUNDS, VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS, CO-INVESTMENTS, PRIVATE CREDIT, SECONDARIES, REAL ESTATE, ENERGY, TIMBER AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Investments in Private Investment funds are highly illiquid and the underlying company investments of these funds are also generally illiquid. Generally, neither the interests in these funds nor their investment managers are registered with any state or federal regulators, and no readily available markets exist for interests in these funds. Clients should expect to hold such investments for the entire life of these funds.

Historically returns have varied greatly over time depending on the conditions at the time investments were made and when investments were exited by funds. In addition, access to high-quality private investment opportunities may be limited and there is no assurance that such opportunities will be available during the desired investment period.

A strategy that invests a higher percentage of its assets in any one issuer, such as one involving co-investments in individual issuers, could increase the risk of loss and volatility because the value of holdings would be more susceptible to adverse events affecting that issuer. In addition, the value of an investment in any particular issuer can be more volatile than the market as a whole and such investment can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole.

When conducting due diligence on co-investment opportunities, the co-investor may be required to rely on the limited resources available, and due to the timing constraints inherent to the co-investment process, the scope of due diligence performed in connection with a co-investment is typically more narrow than the scope performed by a lead investor. There can be no assurance that due diligence investigations reveal all relevant information or result in a co-investment's success. In addition, to obtain access to due diligence prepared by third parties, a co-investor may be required to agree to limit its rights to bring legal actions against such third parties relating to reliance on such due diligence. Therefore, if third party due diligence relied upon is inadequate, there may be no recourse against the provider of such due diligence.

In connection with the purchase of an interest in a private investment fund from an existing investor of the fund, where the seller previously received distributions from such fund and, subsequently, such fund recalls distributions, the purchaser may be obligated to return cash to the fund. While the purchaser may have a valid claim against the seller of such interest for any such returned amounts, there can be no assurances that the purchaser will be able to collect on such claim.

There is no liquid market for secondary market offerings of private investment funds. As the demand for secondaries increases, it is possible that competition for opportunities may reduce the number and attractiveness of investment opportunities available, and there can be no assurance that the Firm will be able to identify sufficient investment opportunities or acquire such opportunities on attractive terms.

HEDGE FUNDS, I.E., ABSOLUTE RETURN, LONG/SHORT EQUITY, RISK ARBITRAGE, GLOBAL MACRO AND DISTRESSED FUNDS

The risks inherent in investing in hedge funds include limited regulatory oversight, illiquidity, use of possibly speculative trading techniques, use of leverage or derivatives, short selling and hedging techniques. Substantial risks are involved in investing in funds trading in equity securities, options and other derivatives. Despite the hedging tactics used by hedge fund managers to mitigate risk, investments held in hedge funds are susceptible to market movements that can be volatile and difficult to predict. The activities of governments can influence interest rates which, in turn, affect securities, options and derivatives prices as well as the liquidity of such markets.

Additionally, hedge funds are subject to limited withdrawal rights and early redemption fees. A fund may be unable to liquidate certain investments to pay withdrawals in a timely manner. Realization of value from the interests in a hedge fund may be difficult in the short-term or may have to be made at a substantial discount compared to other freely tradable investments. Interests in these funds are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 or any federal or state securities law, and certain hedge fund managers may not be registered with either a state or federal regulator. In the event of the early termination of a hedge fund as the result of certain events, the fund may distribute to the limited partners their interest in the assets of the fund. Certain assets held or distributed by the fund may be highly illiquid and may have little or no ascertainable market value.

DERIVATIVES, E.G., FUTURES AND FUTURES OVERLAY MANAGERS

Transactions in futures carry a high degree of risk. The amount of initial margin is small relative to the value of the futures contract. A relatively small market movement will have a proportionately larger impact on funds deposited for margin. Clients may sustain a total loss of initial margin funds and any additional funds deposited to maintain a futures position. If the market moves against a client's position or margin levels are increased, clients may be called upon to pay substantial additional funds on short notice to maintain a position. Failure to satisfy a request for additional funds within the time prescribed could result in a position being liquidated at a loss, and clients will be liable for any resulting deficit.

RISK OF SECURITIES INVESTMENTS

The prices of securities fluctuate, sometimes dramatically. The price of a security may move up or down and may become valueless. It is as likely that losses will be incurred rather than profit made as a result of buying and selling securities.

RISK OF TRADING GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET STOCKS

Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") stocks involve a high investment risk. In particular, companies may list on GEM with neither a track record of profitability nor any obligation to forecast future profitability. GEM stocks may be very volatile and illiquid. You should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors. Current information on GEM stocks may only be found on the internet website operated by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. GEM Companies are usually not required to issue paid announcements in gazetted newspapers. You should seek independent professional advice if you are uncertain of or have not understood any aspect of this risk disclosure statement or the nature and risks involved in trading of GEM stocks.

RISK OF TRADING NASDAQ-AMEX SECURITIES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

The securities under the Nasdaq-Amex Pilot Program ("PP") are aimed at sophisticated investors. You should consult the licensed or registered person and become familiarised with the PP before trading in the PP securities. You should be aware that the PP securities are not regulated as a primary or secondary listing on the Main Board or the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

RISK OF ENTERING INTO OVER-THE-COUNTER DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS WITH AN UNLICENSED PERSON

If you enter into over-the-counter derivative transactions with a counterparty which is not your group affiliate ("Non-group Counterparty"), it is important for you to note that the Non-group Counterparty is not licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") and hence is not subject to the conduct and prudential supervision by the SFC.

If you enter into over-the-counter derivative transaction with a counterparty which is your group affiliate ("Group Counterparty"), you should also note that the Group Counterparty may not be regulated by any other financial regulator and as such, you may not receive any regulatory protection at all. Even though the Group Counterparty is regulated by another regulatory body, the regulation of such regulatory body may be different from the regulation of the SFC, and therefore, the protection that you may receive under the regulation of that regulatory body might not be the same as the protection that you would receive if the Group Counterparty were licensed by the SFC.

ITEM 8 - DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 9 - OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

Our parent, Cambridge Associates LLC, is registered as a commodity trading advisor (CTA) with the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission and is a member of the National Futures Association (NFA). Management persons and those in charge of soliciting funds on behalf of the Firm are registered as Associated Persons with the NFA.

We have several affiliates that are described in Item 3, but we do not believe that those affiliations create a material conflict of interest with clients. We do not have other financial industry activities or affiliations where compensation is derived from investing or recommending investment of client assets. We invest or recommend investment of clients' assets with other investment advisers; however, the Firm will not accept compensation from those investment managers for the recommendation or investment.

Together with our affiliates, we have private clients affiliated with investment managers whom we recommend to our clients. In those instances, we will only contract to provide investment advice on their familial or personal assets. We have instituted various controls to notify and disclose to clients the scope and nature of these relationships if such a manager is recommended. Similarly, our clients may have interests in investment managers whose products we recommend or in which we invest discretionary assets, however, the decision to make such a recommendation or investment only takes into consideration the investing client's specific interests.

Similarly, some of our client organizations have individuals serving on their boards and committees who are affiliated with investment managers whom we recommend to our clients. This creates an incentive for us to favor those individuals' investment managers over those with no affiliation to our clients, because they are in a position to influence the selection or retention of the Firm as an investment adviser. We have adopted various controls and policies designed to promote objective investment recommendations to our clients, such as a standardized research process for investment products undergoing full investment evaluation, disclosure policies for products recommended without full investment evaluation and compliance and ethics training for all our staff.

ITEM 10 - CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING**CODE OF ETHICS (THE "CODE")**

We have a Code of Ethics that all our employees must agree to honor in writing annually as a condition of their employment. We will provide a copy of the Code to clients and prospective clients upon request.

Key elements of the Code include:

- Expected standards of conduct
- Disclosure of material outside business activities and personal relationships with investment managers and custodial banks that the Firm may evaluate or recommend to its clients
- The Firm's gift policy
- Confidential treatment of client data

- Restrictions on personal investments
- Restrictions on political contributions

Employees may not engage in any act, practice or course of conduct that is fraudulent, deceptive, manipulative, or potentially misleading.

GIFTS AND ENTERTAINMENT

With limited exceptions, our employees may not accept gifts from any person or entity that does or is seeking to do business with the Firm or from any investment managers the Firm considers for clients without the prior permission of the Chief Compliance Officer.

Our employees may not purchase securities from or sell securities to any client without the written approval of our Board of Managers. If approval is granted, we must receive a communication signed by the client acknowledging and approving the transaction.

PERSONAL TRADING

All employees must contact the Firm's Compliance Department to pre-clear the purchase of any securities that are not publicly traded, as well as investments in initial public offerings. Permission will generally be granted provided that the investment would not impede the ability of our clients to invest in the security to the extent that they desire to do so. From time to time, managers may show preference to investors in prior funds when capacity is limited in subsequently raised funds. In those instances, the employees will be permitted to make an investment notwithstanding interested clients that did not have exposure to the manager's most recent prior fund.

All employees must provide the Compliance Department with a securities holdings report within their first ten days of employment and annually thereafter. Employees are also required to certify their personal securities transactions within thirty days after the end of each calendar quarter. Reports of personal securities transactions are reviewed to identify trading that potentially violates securities laws and/or the Firm's written policies and procedures.

All employees must certify annually that they have read and understood the Firm's Code of Ethics, our Compliance Manual and that they have complied with the required personal securities reporting.

THE CAMBRIDGE ASSOCIATES EMPLOYEE INVESTMENT FUND

The Firm's managing directors and partners are able to obtain exposure to primarily private equity, venture capital, co-investment and secondary opportunities through an employee investment vehicle (the "Employee Fund"). The Firm will restrict the Employee Fund and employees from making investments with terms more preferential than what is offered to our clients with respect to access, liquidity or fees. Therefore, the Employee Fund and employees will only be able to pursue opportunities with preferential terms where the Firm has secured such terms for the Employee Fund, employees and its clients. From time to time, managers may show preference to investors in prior funds when capacity is limited in subsequently raised funds. In those instances, the Employee Fund will be permitted to make an investment notwithstanding interested clients that did not have exposure to the manager's most recent prior fund. When this situation occurs, the combined total commitment of the Employee Fund and employees' personal investments will not exceed the lesser of \$10 million USD or 3% of a fund's hard cap (or target if no hard cap is specified). Clients may request a list of investments held by the Employee Fund by contacting us via email at EmployeeFundInvestments@cambridgeassociates.com.

PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS

Our employees may purchase or sell publicly-traded securities that are owned by our clients unless that security is on the Firm's Restricted List or the transaction would otherwise violate our trading policies or any applicable laws.

Employees must notify the clients they advise in advance if they recommend a private placement to a client they are considering for themselves or that they already own. Our employees must also notify their clients in advance if they decide to withdraw from a private investment that they have recommended that is also held by their clients.

The Firm does not conduct proprietary trading for its own accounts and generally does not invest in the same securities that are recommended to clients, however, the Firm's assets may be held in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Treasury funds, or money market funds. We also make *de minimis* investments in our SIFs to satisfy requirements of an investment vehicle's legal or tax structure.

ITEM 11 - BROKERAGE PRACTICES

We have no broker/dealer affiliations. We are an independent investment advisory firm. We do not receive any commissions, research or other products or services in connection with our clients' brokerage transactions. For those clients where we select brokerage firms, we review the reasonableness of their compensation and the reputation of the broker as part of the selection process; however, we do not receive any research or other soft dollar benefits from these relationships.

Clients may use commission credits from directed brokerage towards payment of our fees, however, clients should make their own decisions regarding the use of these programs. Standard brokerage fees can be considerably less than the fees associated with commission recapture programs, and it may not be advantageous to utilize these commission credits to pay all or part of any expenses including the payment of our fees, the fees of investment managers, custodians, etc.

ITEM 12 - REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

Client relationships are assigned to a varying number of investment professionals depending on the service level. These investment professionals are responsible for reviewing client accounts on an ongoing, monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, or annual basis depending on the level of client services. The reviews may be more or less detailed depending on the scope of the services provided and may include a review of performance, asset allocation and the investment funds held in a client's portfolio.

Clients who subscribe to our performance reporting services typically receive written reports containing detailed quarterly and cumulative information on portfolio holdings and performance. Subscribers who also receive investment advisory services are typically informed annually when full due diligence or its equivalent has or has not been completed for a fund/manager in their portfolio. If we become aware of a materially adverse issue with an investment manager represented in our clients' portfolios, an automated notification is sent to the members of the relevant investment team and to each client invested with that manager recommending a review of that holding.

ITEM 13 - CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

We do not compensate any person for client referrals, and we do not receive compensation from investment managers for recommending their products. In addition, we have adopted a gift policy for all employees generally prohibiting the acceptance of gifts other than those of *de minimis* value.

ITEM 14 - INVESTMENT DISCRETION

Cambridge Associates Hong Kong Private Limited does not offer discretionary investment services.

ITEM 15 - VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

For non-discretionary relationships, the Firm typically does not have authority to vote proxies on behalf of our clients. Furthermore, because our clients generally invest through private funds rather than in individual securities, they are rarely solicited to vote proxies. The managers of those funds, to the extent they invest in equity securities, generally will have proxy voting authority and will vote portfolio securities in accordance with their own proxy voting policies.

When the Firm does not have voting authority, clients may receive proxy solicitations directly from the issuer, from their custodian, from a transfer agent or, in some cases, from us. Upon request, we will provide our advisory clients guidance regarding these proxy solicitations. Questions about particular proxy solicitations should be directed to a client's investment team.